

Management of Communications Received Procedure

Draft under review

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1. Definitions

Definitions of concepts frequently used in this document are listed below (quoted in italics):

- CELSA / Organisation: for the purposes of the Criminal Prevention Model, it will refer to
 the company CELSA STEEL, S.A. and to the rest of the entities that make up the Criminal
 Control Perimeter, listed in Annex I of the Criminal Compliance Policy.
- Criminal control perimeter: includes the entities adhering to CELSA's Criminal Compliance Model, listed in Annex I of the Criminal Compliance Policy.
- Board of Directors: CELSA's governing body, to the extent that it has primary responsibility and authority for activities, governance and policies, and to which CELSA's Steering Committee reports and is accountable.
- **Steering Committee:** a group of members within *CELSA*, with management and control functions within the *organisation* at the highest level.
- Audit and Control Committee: a permanent body made up of several members of the
 Board of Directors, of an informative and consultative nature, without executive functions,
 with full powers of information, advice and proposal within its scope of action, which is
 responsible, among other duties, for supervising the Criminal Prevention Model.
- Members of the Organisation: members of the Board of Directors, members of the Steering Committee, employees, workers or temporary employees or employees under a collaboration agreement and all other persons under the hierarchical subordination of any of the above.
- Business partners: any legal or natural person, other than Members of the Organisation, with whom the Organisation has or plans to establish some kind of business relationship. By way of example, but not limited to, these include installation companies, agents or commission agents, suppliers, external advisors, joint ventures, customers and, in general, natural or legal persons contracted by CELSA to deliver goods or provide services.
- Third party: a natural or legal person or body independent of the Organisation.
- Criminal Prevention Model: an organisational and management system for the prevention
 of crime, whose objective is the prevention, detection and management of criminal risks,
 and whose essential basis is represented in the Criminal Compliance Policy and in the
 Crime Prevention and Response Manual.
- Ethics Committee: CELSA's internal collegiate body with autonomous powers of initiative and control, which is entrusted, among other tasks, with the responsibility of supervising the operation and observance of the Criminal Compliance Model. The existence of this body responds to the requirements established in Spanish criminal law (article 31 bis of the Spanish Criminal Code) regarding the supervision of the Criminal Compliance Model.

Likewise, the *Ethics Committee* performs the role of Head of the Internal Information System.

- Management of communications received procedure: document that establishes the
 necessary mechanisms for the early communication and management of any infringement,
 as well as the necessary procedures for the internal processing of queries, and the internal
 processing and investigation of complaints or any known circumstance that should be
 investigated.
- Internal Information System: measures adopted in accordance with Law 2/2023 for the management of communications relating to infringements of the regulations referred to in this text. The Internal Information System has a System Manager in charge of the management and diligent processing of the Communications received, in accordance with the provisions of CELSA's Management of Communications Received Procedure.
- Communication: a statement of a question about the scope, interpretation or compliance
 with the regulations applicable to CELSA. Depending on its content, a communication may
 consist of a Query or a Complaint.
- Query: communication by which any Member of the Organisation requests a clarification, response or opinion on the scope, interpretation or compliance with the regulations applicable to CELSA.
- Report: communication regarding a possible breach (active or omissive behaviour) of the
 regulations applicable to CELSA, understood as the set of ethical and compliance
 commitments voluntarily assumed by the Organisation, as well as the legislation in force
 that is applicable to it at any given time.
- *Infringements:* any behaviour, whether by action or omission, that violates the rules applicable to the *Organisation*. This includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - Infringement of European legislation;
 - Criminal, serious administrative or very serious infringements;
 - Infringements in labour matters relating to health and safety at work, established in the Spanish legal system, and
 - Non-compliance with internal regulations, including but not limited to the Code of Ethical Conduct.

The infringements must be within the *organisation* or involve *CELSA*.

An Infringement, depending on its seriousness, may range from a mere formal breach of a requirement of an internal rule to the commission of acts constituting a criminal offence potentially imputable to the *Organisation*.

Whistleblower: a natural or legal person who anonymously or by name files a Complaint.
 The figure of the Whistleblower includes:

- Members of the Organisation: includes employees whose employment relationship
 is in force, has ended or has not yet begun, shareholders and members of the Board
 of Directors, paid and unpaid volunteers and trainees.
- Business partners, as well as any person working under their supervision and direction. Subjects or legal persons external to the *Organisation*, with whom the Organisation has or plans to establish a business relationship, as well as any person working under their supervision and direction.
- Third parties and other individuals, e.g. trade unions.
- Any person, natural or legal, with a present or future fit in the above contexts.
- Affected persons: this figure includes, among others, the following:
 - Witnesses, or other persons involved in the *Query or Complaint*.
 - Researchers.
 - Family members, trade union representatives, and other persons supporting the *Whistleblower*.
 - Those from which information is obtained that led to the filing of a *Complaint*.
- Reported: natural or legal person(s) linked to the reported Infringements, as perpetrators, participants or even accessories. They may be identified in the Communication or be specified throughout the process of its management.
- Retaliation: any action or omission, whether attempted, threatened or actual, direct or indirect, that may result in harm or disadvantage to the Whistleblower or other Affected Persons, in the employment or professional sphere, solely because of their status in relation to the Report or because they have made a public disclosure.
- Independent Whistleblower Protection Authority (IPA): an independent administrative authority, as a public law entity at the state level, which will act in compliance with its main function of protecting whistleblowers. Its other functions include the management of its own external channel, the processing of sanctioning procedures and the imposition of sanctions, among others.
- Log-book: system through which the evidence of the information received and of the
 internal investigations to which they have given rise shall be kept, guaranteeing, in all
 cases, the requirements of confidentiality.

2. Purpose of the Management of Communications Received Procedure

This Management of Communications Received Procedure, approved by the Board of Directors, develops the content of CELSA's Internal Information System Policy, underlining the Organisation's firm will to maintain a conduct that respects both the rules and ethical standards, and promoting an environment of zero tolerance towards possible Infractions.

Through this *Procedure*, *CELSA* determines the necessary mechanisms to communicate and manage any *Infringement* in an early manner and establishes the necessary mechanisms to carry out the internal processing of the *Communications* received.

3. Communication channels

Different internal channels are made available to *Members of the Organisation*, *Business Partners* and *Third Parties* so that they can submit any type of *Communication* related to possible *Infractions*.

In particular, the following channels of **written** communication exist:

- The Ethics Line will be available at the following link: https://celsa.integrityline.com/, accessible from the Organisation's employee portal and on CELSA's corporate website.
- By Email: comite.etico@gcelsa.com
- By post to the following address, for the attention of the Ethics Committee:

C/Ferralla, 12, Pol.Ind. San Vicente, 08755 Castellbisbal (Barcelona) Spain

It will also be possible to make a **verbal** *Communication* (in case of *Complaints* or *Enquiries* made by *Members of the Organisation*) through the following means:

• By telephone:

Spain +34 910477636.

France +33187212291.

Poland +48221523361.

United Kingdom +442038850064.

Norway +4721097767.

Finland +358942552333.

Sweden +46812160726.

Denmark +4578152329.

The *Whistleblower* must enter the Access PIN code 9097, corresponding to CELSA, after initiating the call, and may choose to communicate in the official language of the place from which the communication is made, in English, or in Spanish.

- By means of a face-to-face meeting with the Compliance Manager or any other member
 of the Ethics Committee, within seven (7) days of the request. This communication will
 be previously informed and will be transcribed and the Whistleblower will be informed of
 the processing of his/her data in accordance with the legislation in force.
- Line manager or a member of *CELSA's management*, who should forward the information to the *Ethics Committee*.

Verbal communications, including those made by face-to-face meeting, by telephone or by voice messaging system, shall be documented with the consent of the info *Whistleblower* rmant, and the *Whistleblower* shall be informed of the processing of his or her data in accordance with the provisions on the protection of personal data.

Regardless of the means of communication used, the *Whistleblower* will receive a six-digit code (Case ID) that must be retained in order to access the communication channel through the *Ethics Line*.

The official channel for receiving information on the status of the *Report* or contacting the *Whistleblower* will be the *Ethics Line*.

CELSA encourages all *Members of the Organisation* or subjects who suspect or know of *CELSA-related Breaches* to use these internal channels to make their *Communications* to *CELSA*.

Any *Query* or *Complaint* shall be handled by the *Ethics Committee* under the terms developed in the *Internal Information System Policy* and in this *Procedure*.

Furthermore, the *Organisation* informs any potential *Whistleblower* that it also has external channels of information available to the competent authorities and, where appropriate, to the institutions, bodies, organs or agencies of the European Union, such as, inter alia:

- In antitrust matters: Complaint of prohibited conduct: CNMC
- In the area of tax offences: <u>Tax Agency: Complaints</u>
- In case it is related to subsidies or fraud involving European funds: <u>Anti-fraud mailbox</u> <u>Complaints channel of the Recovery and Resilience Mechanism Recovery.</u>
 Transformation and Resilience Plan Government of Spain (planderecuperacion.gob.es).
- National Anti-Fraud Coordination Service: <u>IGAE:Servicio Nacional de Coordinación</u>
 Antifraud (hacienda.gob.es)
- Oficina Antifrau de Catalunya: <u>Complaints to the Anti-Fraud Office of Catalonia</u>
- As well as any other competent local authority where CELSA operates.

CELSA also informs potential whistleblowers of the existence of a public body called the Independent Whistleblower Protection Authority, to which they can also turn.

However, the use of the internal channels mentioned above is recommended as the preferred channel of communication.

Persons who report a *Complaint* must collaborate with the *Ethics Committee* in the analysis and investigation phase when required to do so. Likewise, they must maintain due confidentiality regarding the collaboration provided and the facts brought to *CELSA*'s attention. This obligation is also assumed by *CELSA*.

Annex I of this Procedure gives some examples of possible cases that can be reported.

4. Scope of application

Like CELSA's Internal Information System Policy, this Procedure is mandatory for the Organisation. Therefore, this Procedure applies to the members of the Board of Directors, the Audit and Control Committee, the Steering Committee and all the professionals that make up CELSA, regardless of the companies to which they belong, their place of residence or the place where their activities are carried out.

This Procedure is also applicable, insofar as it applies to them, to *CELSA*'s contractors, subcontractors and suppliers, as well as to those persons linked by a statutory, voluntary, internship or training framework or who have obtained the information in the context of a selection process or pre-contractual negotiation or of an employment relationship that has already ended.

It also binds those persons who, even if they are not *Members of the Organisation*, are aware of the existence of any Infringement in their professional relationship with *CELSA*.

5. Investigation procedure

This section determines the procedures and rules of action to be followed with regard to *Queries* and *Complaints* received through *CELSA*'s communication channels.

During all the phases described above, the *Ethics Committee* will ensure that the rights of all those involved in the *Query* or *Complaint* are respected, as set out in *CELSA's Internal Information System Policy*.

Phase I. Receipt of Communications

5.1.1. Receipt of Complaints and Enquiries

The *Ethics Committee*, as the body responsible for the management of the *Internal Information System*, shall receive the *Communications* and shall issue, by the same means of receipt, an acknowledgement of receipt within a maximum period of seven (7) days, informing the *Whistleblower of* the information relating to the collection and processing of his or her personal data.

In cases in which the *Infringements* are not reported through the channels provided for this purpose by *CELSA*, but through other internal channels, the parties receiving the information are obliged to forward the information received immediately to the members of the *Ethics Committee* and, if immediate communication is not possible, within a maximum period of two calendar days. In any case, the seven-day period for acknowledgement of receipt of the report received must be respected, as well as the appropriate communication of the collection and processing of the *Whistleblower*'s personal data.

The *Ethics Committee* shall proceed, regardless of the means by which the *Communication* has come to its knowledge, to enter its details in the *Internal Information System logbook* and assign it a file number.

After issuing the corresponding acknowledgement of receipt, the *Compliance Manager* shall verify the minimum content of the *Communication*:

- Minimum content in case of Queries:
 - Date on which the Query is issued.
 - Name and contact details of the Whistleblower submitting the Query, provided that the Query is not made anonymously. In order to facilitate a response to the Query, it is advisable to include in the Query the identity of the Whistleblower and the secure means of communication by which he/she wishes to be contacted, which will be actively protected, so that it remains confidential.
 - A clear and detailed statement of the matter requiring clarification or response and the reason why such clarification, response or judgement is sought.

- Minimum content in case of Complaints:
 - Date on which the *Complaint* is issued.
 - As clear and detailed a statement of the facts as possible.
 - Identification of the possible perpetrator, as well as other possible participants and persons who may have knowledge of the event in question.
 - Name and contact details of the Whistleblower, provided that this is not done anonymously. In order to facilitate the investigation of the reported facts, it is advisable to include in the Report the identity of the Whistleblower and the secure means of communication by which he/she wishes to be contacted, which will be actively protected, so that it will be confidential.
 - The time at which the *Breach of* the rules applicable to the *Organisation* was committed or continues to be committed at the time the *Complaint* is being made.
 - Any other information and/or documentation that the *Whistleblower* can provide for the understanding of the event in question.

Upon receipt of the *Complaint* or *Query*, the *Ethics Committee* shall act according to the content of the *Communication*:

- In the case of a *Query*, the *Ethics Committee* shall respond as soon as possible to all the points raised by the same means by which the *Query* was communicated to it.
- On the other hand, if the content of the Query leads to the possibility that a Member of the Organisation has committed or may commit an Infringement, such Communication shall be treated as a Denunciation.
- Where there is a Communication, but its content is insufficient, incomplete, or does not
 provide the necessary detail, then a Notification shall be sent to the Whistleblower, where
 the option to contact the Whistleblower is available, requesting the necessary additional
 information.

In the hypothetical case that any member of the *Ethics Committee* is involved in the reported facts, he/she must voluntarily withdraw, and the other members of the *Ethics Committee* will continue with the management of the *Communication*.

5.1.2 Opening ex officio

In addition, the *Ethics Committee* may also initiate this procedure ex officio when there are indications of a possible *infringement*, by any other means expressly regulated by the *Organisation*, such as, among others:

- During the performance of the duties proper to the offices of its members.
- During the review of CELSA's Crime Prevention Model.

- During the course of or as a result of an audit exercise.
- During or after monitoring processes in different areas or processes.
- Through public or private statements or communications by any Member of the Organisation (in the media, in the context of formal or informal meetings, in the context of discussions, etc.).
- By oral or informal communications.

The *Ethics Committee* shall collect and document all evidence on which the suspicions are based, in order to be able to proceed with the contextualisation of the facts and their preliminary analysis. It shall therefore prepare or collect the following information:

- Clear and detailed statement of the facts.
- Identification of the possible perpetrator(s) of the event(s), as well as other possible participants and persons who may have knowledge of the event in question.
- Time of commission, or indicate the persistence of commission of the Offence.
- Any other information and/or documentation that may contribute to the understanding of the event in question.

Under the aforementioned conditions, it will be considered a *Complaint* and the channels foreseen in will be followed in this *Procedure*.

Phase II. Evaluation of Complaints

5.2.1 Analysis and Preliminary Report on the Complaint

Once the *Complaint* or *Query* has been received or the procedure has been initiated ex officio, the *Ethics Committee* shall proceed to carry out a preliminary analysis of the plausibility of the *Complaint*, taking into account the following four aspects:

- Contrast the objective and subjective data of the information received.
 - Objective data: all those concrete elements provided by the *Whistleblower* such as: facts, dates, names, amounts, places, etc.
 - Subjective data: all those ideas, hypotheses, opinions, assessments, rumours, etc.
 In other words, the information provided in the presentation of the facts of the Complaint.
- Analysis of the source of information and communication. Attention will be paid to:
 - The credibility of the source of information, understood as the guarantee offered by the source of information (Whistleblower) in terms of its capacity to obtain the data provided in the Complaint (e.g. job position) as well as other communications received, related to the Complainant and Whistleblower.

- The accuracy of the information contained in the *Complaint*, taking into account the degree of specificity of the data provided.
- Analysis of the information. The Ethics Committee shall study the information provided in the Complaint with regard to these aspects:
 - Contextualisation of the data provided in the *Complaint*.
 - Analysis of the information known in *CELSA* that can support or be compared with the data provided in the *Complaint*.
 - Consider information that may enrich the data provided in the Complaint or provide new insights into them.
- Integration. The *Ethics Committee* will establish, as a result of the information acquired and the analysis of the information, the hypothesis that it considers most likely and those that, although unlikely, represent relevant risks for *CELSA*, in addition to other possible hypotheses that may give coherence to the information known so far.

5.2.2 Admission of the Complaint for processing or closure of the complaint

The *Ethics Committee* shall document the reasons for admitting or closing a *Complaint*, which shall contain the following points:

- Descriptive information on the *Complaint*, its date of receipt.
- Data provided in the Complaint, discriminating between objective and subjective data.
- Assessment of the plausibility of the facts contained in the Complaint and the reliability of the Whistleblower.
- Analysis of the information and documentation submitted with the Complaint.
- Exceptional measures taken prior to the decision on whether or not to admit the complaint.
- In the event that the *Complaint* is derived from the response to a previous *Query*, the content of the *Query* and the response provided shall be included in the report.
- Decision on whether the *complaint* is admissible, stating, if deemed appropriate, the action to be taken, including the need to carry out an investigation.

The *Ethics Committee* will proceed to inform the *Whistleblower* of the relevance or otherwise, and consequently admit or shelve the reported facts.

In addition, the details of the *Complainant* and of the *Members of the Organisation* and *Third Parties* shall be kept in the *information logbook* only for the time necessary to decide whether to initiate an investigation into the alleged facts.

Phase III. Complaint handling phase

Once the *Complaint* has been admitted for processing, the *Whistleblower* (and, where appropriate, the other *Affected Person*) has been notified of this circumstance and the corresponding file has been opened, the investigation shall be conducted by the *Ethics Committee* in accordance with criteria of impartiality, speciality and knowledge of the matter.

The investigation shall be aimed at obtaining sufficient elements to enable the resolution of the case and the drafting of the corresponding Investigation Report and conclusions. This investigation, except in duly justified exceptions accepted by the *Ethics Committee*, shall last for a maximum of three (3) months from receipt of the *Communication* or, if no acknowledgement of receipt was sent to the *Whistleblower*, three (3) months from the expiry of the period of seven days after the *Communication* was made, except in cases of particular complexity, which may be extended for an additional three (3) months.

Throughout the research, a channel of communication shall be maintained with the *Whistleblower*, if applicable, through the preferred means designated by the *Whistleblower*, and the *Ethics Committee* may request additional information from the *Whistleblower* in order to ensure the success of the research.

However, the *Ethics Committee* may request advice from an external expert *Third Party* or have the support of another *Member of the Organisation* that can provide expert criteria in the investigation of a *Complaint*, if it deems it appropriate and no conflicts of interest arise. In any case, said external *Third Party* - natural person or entity - shall maintain constant communication with the *Ethics Committee* regarding the actions carried out, guaranteeing in all cases the strictest confidentiality and limitation of access to the information.

Likewise, for the specific performance of the different functions attributed to the *Ethics Committee*, it may be assisted - by requesting help or the specific assistance of one or more functions - from the different areas that make up *CELSA*, depending on the specific circumstances of the case, which may make it advisable to do so.

The *Reported* shall then be informed of the processing of his or her personal data within a reasonable period of time after the personal data have been obtained, and at the latest within one (1) month. If the personal data are to be used for communication with the *Reported*, the Reported shall be informed of the processing at the latest at the time of the first communication with the Reported.

The information to be provided to the *Reported* should include, as a minimum, the following:

- The identity and contact details of the controller.
- The rights of access, rectification, erasure and portability of your data, of limitation and opposition to their processing, as well as your right to lodge a complaint with a supervisory authority and to take legal action, insofar as applicable.
- The origin or source of the data.

- The category of data.
- The facts of which he is accused.
- The person(s) within CELSA who could have access to the information during the investigation of the file.

In addition to the information relating to the protection of personal data, a summary of the facts for which the investigation is being carried out shall also be provided to the *Complainant* so that he/she may provide the allegations he/she deems appropriate and provide the evidence he/she deems appropriate to accredit his/her position regarding the facts that are the object of the investigation, and the record of the communication of the facts to the *Complainant* as well as all the evidence he/she provides to the procedure shall be recorded in the *Internal Information System's Register Book*.

In the event that the research work has already begun, the *Ethics Committee* shall ratify the appropriateness of the research, or determine what is appropriate.

CELSA must at all times guarantee the confidentiality of the Whistleblower and the absence of retaliation in the event of good faith complaints. Therefore, the information provided to the Reporter in the exercise of his or her right of access will exclude the identity of the Reporter or any circumstances that make him or her identifiable to the Reporter.

The *Ethics Committee* shall be responsible for verifying the truthfulness and accuracy of the facts and information contained in the *Complaint* and, in particular, of the conduct reported, in order to verify the existence of a *breach* of the regulations applicable to the *Organisation*. To this end, the *Ethics Committee* shall have the power to carry out any investigative measures it deems necessary, respecting the rights of those affected and documenting its actions in the *Internal Information System Log Book*.

Among other measures, it shall have the power to conduct interviews with the *Whistleblower*, the *Reported Person* and any *Third Parties* involved in the facts contained in the *Report* or who may have knowledge of them. Interviews shall be conducted, whenever possible, in the presence of a witness (line manager, teammate or any other person deemed appropriate), allowing the *Whistleblower* to verify, rectify and accept the minutes of the meetings by signing them, and in the event that the meetings are recorded, the interviewees shall be informed in advance of the transcription of the session. The *Whistleblower* shall be given the opportunity to verify, rectify or accept by signature the transcript of the conversation.

Some possible investigative steps that could be taken are included in Annex II of this document.

Minutes will be taken of all the research sessions and interviews carried out during the course of the research at the end of each meeting or later if the circumstances of the case so require, and it is recommended that they be signed by all those attending the corresponding session, in any case allowing the *Whistleblower* to verify, rectify or accept the transcription of the conversation by signing it.

Phase IV. Conclusion of the Complaint

At the end of the previous phase, the *Ethics Committee* shall draw up an investigation report and conclusions, which shall contain, as a minimum, the following points:

- Descriptive information on the Complaint, including its Unique Complaint Identification
 Number and its date of receipt.
- Data provided in the Complaint, discriminating between objective and subjective data.
- Assessment of the content of the Complaint and the reliability of the Whistleblower, following the investigation carried out.
- Analysis of the information and integration of this with expression of the most likely and highest risk hypotheses.
- Results of the investigation, where required.
- Proposed measures, if any, or measures already taken, if the Ethics Committee has
 deemed them necessary or desirable for reasons of urgency.
- Proposal for action.

This report will be addressed to:

- To the Board of Directors, through the Audit and Control Committee in cases of complaints about events that may generate liability for CELSA. The Audit and Control Committee may add any observations it deems appropriate, and may include an additional proposal for actions to be taken. The members of the Board of Directors may make the observations they deem appropriate, ratify their content in a collegiate manner when they deem it appropriate and adopt the actions it deems necessary.
- To the Steering Committee, in cases of Complaints about facts related to serious or very serious administrative infringements, infringements in matters of safety at work and any other infringement of the legal system applicable to CELSA and the rest of the internal regulations of the Organisation.

In accordance with the report submitted by the *Ethics Committee*, the appropriate measures will be adopted, in accordance with the type of matter, including those of the sanctioning regime provided for in current labour and contractual regulations.

Together with the Investigation Report and conclusions, the *Ethics Committee* may make available to the *Audit and Compliance Committee*, the *Board of Directors* and the *Steering Committee*, at *the* express request of the members with a legitimate interest therein, the remaining documentation contained in the *Complaint*, such as: minutes, analysed documentation or other documented information of relevance for decision-making. In such cases, measures shall be adopted to ensure the confidentiality of the information, where necessary, by anonymising personal data or other circumstances that allow the identity of the *Whistleblower* to be known.

Where an *Infringement* has been concluded, the *Board of Directors* or the *Steering Committee* shall:

- Take appropriate measures to address the *infringement* and continuously monitor the effectiveness of these measures.
- Administer appropriate sanctions (disciplinary or contractual), which are legitimate and proportionate to the facts reported.
- Refer matters to the relevant authorities, where appropriate, and monitor the outcome of decisions taken.

The Audit and Control Committee and the Steering Committee shall inform the Ethics Committee of the agreed actions, so that they are duly documented and recorded in the Internal Reporting System logbook. Among others, they shall order disciplinary measures that are legitimate and proportionate to the facts reported, and in the event of affecting Members of the Organisation, they shall consider the expert judgement of the Chief People Officer for their appropriate execution within the applicable labour framework.

The *Ethics Committee* will communicate in a documented and accredited manner, the completion of the investigation to the *Whistleblower* and the *Reporter*, indicating whether or not there has been a *breach of* the regulations applicable to *CELSA*. Alternatively, and if the circumstances so recommend, the means used to inform could be hand-delivery, on the premises *of the Organisation*, by a member of the *Ethics Committee*, with acknowledgement of receipt.

The documentary evidence of the communication shall be recorded in the *Register Book*, and the file shall be blocked to prevent further processing. However, if it emerges from the investigation of the file that the *Whistleblower* acted solely with the intention of harming the *Reporter* or a *Third Party* for personal interests, the *Ethics Committee* must assess the possibility that the *Whistleblower's* actions may constitute a breach of any of the rights of the *Reported Party*. In such a case, and provided that it is necessary for the *Reporter* to be able to exercise his or her rights of effective protection before the courts.

The *Organisation* may consider offering an acknowledgement to the *Whistleblower* for reporting *Violations*, *with* the prior consent of the *Whistleblower*.

6. The Internal Information System Log Book

The *Internal Information System Log-book* is a secure record of all *Enquiries* and *Complaints* received, as well as any decision and/or action taken in relation thereto. It is the tool to be used by the *Ethics Committee* to order, document and safeguard the documentation generated in the process of managing the *Communications* received through the *Internal Information System*.

When the *Ethics Committee* receives a *Communication*, it shall register it with a unique identification number so that it can be easily located by all those involved in the procedure. In this regard, the *Register* is equipped with the necessary technical and organisational security measures to ensure the highest possible level of confidentiality. In addition, the *Ethics Committee*

shall keep a record of the *Notifications* sent through the communication channels implemented by *CELSA*.

The platform enabled by the *Organisation* for the management of the Internal Reporting System shall be the preferred means of communication for communications and notifications with the *Whistleblower*, unless the latter has designated another secure means of notification. It shall also be the means of *communication* to other *Relevant Interested Parties* involved in the process of managing and investigating *the Report*.

In order to record and store in the *Log-book* the information relating to the *Communications* received, *the Organisation* shall have logical locations with restricted access and classified by year and file number. It will also allow the management of the *Communications* reported by the *Members of the Organisation*, *Business Partners* and *Third Parties* from the initial reception phase, until the resolution and archiving of the *Complaint*.

The Register Book will be organised in locations according to the type of Communications received.

When a *Communication* is received, through the *Internal Information System* or any other communication channel enabled for this purpose by *CELSA*, the *Ethics Committee* will assign a File number and create a File Folder in the *Log-book*, which will include the documentation generated in relation to each *Communication*. Those containing data relating to notifications under investigation or awaiting resolution shall be considered live records.

Custody of and access to the *Log-book* is the responsibility of the *Ethics Committee*. Likewise, the personal data shall be incorporated with restricted and confidential access, the ownership of which belongs to the *Organisation*, for the purpose of properly managing the *Internal Information System, and* shall record, as a minimum, the personal data relating to the *Communications* received, as well as the investigations carried out. The data shall be kept only for the essential time and, in no case, for a period of more than ten (10) years.

7. Protection of personal data

The *Organisation* shall process the data received through the *Internal Information System in* accordance with current data protection regulations and its policies and procedures in this regard, including, but not limited to, its <u>Privacy Policy</u>.

CELSA is committed to maintaining strict privacy protection, data security and data retention, in accordance with applicable regulations and CELSA's Privacy and Compliance policies and procedures. These rules will also apply with respect to all personal data related to reports made in accordance with this *Policy*.

The processing of personal data is based on the legitimate interest of *CELSA*, as well as the consent of the *Whistleblower*, if applicable, *for* the purpose of managing and resolving any *Query* or *Complaint*, as well as to analyse the criticality of the facts reported, to carry out an investigation into possible *Infringements*, to adopt the necessary precautionary measures and, if necessary, to initiate the corresponding internal or legal actions. The use of the information obtained in this way for purposes other than those motivating the implementation of the system is neither permitted nor envisaged.

In order to fulfil these purposes, certain personal data and information must be collected, either directly through the *Whistleblower*, through the person/s determined by the *Organisation* or through authorised *Third Parties* contracted specifically for this purpose, who will guarantee the highest level of confidentiality and technical security.

All *Members of the Organisation* are obliged to provide true, accurate, truthful and lawful information, and are solely responsible for any false or inaccurate statements they provide, as well as for the internal, administrative and/or legal consequences that may apply.

The *Organisation* shall ensure in all cases that the different communication channels of the *Internal Information System* constitute a secure medium, equipped with the measures required by the regulations on Personal Data Protection and information security.

7.1. Retention of information

CELSA shall process, manage and keep the information and personal data contained in the Complaints, investigations, reports and other documentation in accordance with the time periods established in the current legislation on personal data protection and other applicable regulations, i.e. the information from the Whistleblower may be kept for no more than three (3) months from its entry in the Internal Information System, except for those data essential to decide whether to initiate an investigation into the reported facts, which may be kept for a longer period of time. Once this period of investigation has expired, the data shall be deleted from the Internal Information System.

With the exception of the above, when the purpose is to leave evidence of *CELSA*'s *Criminal Prevention Model*, the retention period will be that determined for that purpose, and in particular that of the demonstration of compliance with labour legislation, as described below.

This information will also be under the custody of the *Ethics Committee* and will be deleted, blocked or anonymised at the end of the legal deadlines and in accordance with the Privacy Policies specified in the information entry channels.

CELSA will keep a record of all *Complaints* received. These records and the personal data they contain will be kept confidential. The records will be kept for no longer than is necessary and in any event for as long as is necessary to comply with any applicable legal requirements from time to time.

In particular, *CELSA* will keep the *Whistleblower*'s personal data for the time necessary to decide whether to initiate an investigation into the facts or conduct reported and, once decided, it will be deleted, and may be processed outside the system to investigate the facts for the time necessary to make a decision. Once the investigation of the communication has been completed and the appropriate actions have been taken, as the case may be, the data of those *Complaints* that have been processed will be duly blocked in order to comply with the legal obligations that may apply in each case.

In the event that it is decided not to follow up on the *complaint* filed, the information may be retained in anonymised form.

7.2. Data protection rights of the reporter

As an *Whistleblower*, the *Whistleblower* exercise, at any time and under the terms provided for by the applicable regulations, access to the personal data concerning him/her. If this person believes that the data is incorrect or incomplete, he/she may request its rectification in accordance with the applicable legislation. He or she may request that the data be deleted if they are no longer required, except where there is a legal obligation to retain them. You may also request that the processing of your personal data be restricted, object to the processing, or request the portability of your data, and you have the right to withdraw your consent. You will be informed of how you can exercise all of these rights at the time you submit your *complaint*.

You can also lodge a complaint with the competent data protection authority if you consider it appropriate to do so.

7.3. Further information on the processing of personal data

Individuals may obtain further information about the processing of their personal data and the contact details of the entity's possible representative for this purpose, as well as of the Data Protection Officer or other privacy officer. You will be informed at the time of submission of the *Complaint* how you can obtain this information.

8. Disciplinary regime

In accordance with the provisions of CELSA's Internal Information System Policy and this document, all CELSA Members, regardless of their organisational group and functional location,

have an obligation to comply with the principles and procedures set out in these texts, as well as an obligation to report any contravention of them.

Consequently, when the *Ethics Committee* becomes aware of a breach of the provisions of these texts, it shall propose to the *Board of Directors*, through *the Audit and Control Committee* or the *Steering Committee*, the disciplinary measures in the employment sphere (for *Members of the Organisation*) or in the contractual sphere (in commercial relations with *Business Partners*) that it considers proportional to the risk or damage caused.

These measures will not only apply to the individuals whose conduct has caused the risk or damage, but also to the *Members of the Organisation* who have not followed the procedures established by *CELSA* for prevention and response, a circumstance that is in itself considered a *breach* of the values and ethical principles to which *CELSA* is committed.

The measures adopted from a legal perspective will always be respectful of the applicable regulations, without losing forcefulness or proportionality with the seriousness of the facts from which they arise, informing the Workers' Legal Representatives if appropriate.

In the event that there are unequivocal indications that the actions of any *Member of the Organisation* could constitute a criminal offence, this circumstance shall be reported to the competent Public Authorities for their knowledge and prosecution. Such notification shall be accompanied by the evidence and/or indications that may have been gathered in this respect.

Annex I

Examples of possible behaviours to communicate

Some assumptions that could be communicated through CELSA's *Internal Information System* are described below:

- Reporting an event that may constitute a money laundering and terrorist financing offence.
- Avoid bribery and corruption.
- Working in a safe and healthy environment.
- Avoid conflicts of interest in any action related to professional development.
- Avoid discrimination, as well as sexual and non-sexual harassment.
- Prevent internal fraud.
- Protect fair competition and international trade rules.
- Responsible use of company assets.
- Protect fiscal integrity, business integrity and integrity of financial records.
- Creating an inclusive and respectful workplace.
- Protect CELSA information, the disclosure of which may affect the interests of the Group
 or the legitimate rights of third parties.
- Protect CELSA from cyber-attacks.
- Respect urban and land-use planning regulations.
- Protect human rights.
- Respect global and local laws and customs, limiting relations with public administrations to a professional environment.

Annex II

Some possible investigative steps in the investigation of the ${\it Complaints}$

The **investigative steps** that may be taken include:

- 1. **Interview with the** *Whistleblower* to expand on the information contained in the complaint.
- 2. Witness statements.
- 3. Requesting external assistance from suitably qualified and experienced professionals.
- 4. **Obtaining documentation from the company** relevant to the clarification of the facts.
- 5. Analysis of processes and procedures relevant to the research.
- 6. Adoption of surveillance measures through detectives or computer, telematic or audiovisual means, provided that these are in accordance with the principles of appropriateness, sufficiency and strict proportionality, with respect for the fundamental rights of privacy and secrecy of workers' communications.
- 7. Statement of the *Defendants*.
- 8. **Any other actions that the investigator deems necessary** for the proper verification of the facts and identification of those responsible.